

## Select Topical Rosacea Products

**Policy # 00568**

Original Effective Date: 06/21/2017

Current Effective Date: 01/01/2026

*Applies to all products administered or underwritten by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Louisiana and its subsidiary, HMO Louisiana, Inc. (collectively referred to as the "Company"), unless otherwise provided in the applicable contract. Medical technology is constantly evolving, and we reserve the right to review and update Medical Policy periodically.*

## When Services May Be Eligible for Coverage

*Coverage for eligible medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products may be provided only if:*

- *Benefits are available in the member's contract/certificate, and*
- *Medical necessity criteria and guidelines are met.*

Based on review of available data, the Company may consider Noritate<sup>®†</sup> (metronidazole), Zilxi<sup>™‡</sup> (minocycline), or Epsolay<sup>®‡</sup> (benzoyl peroxide) to be **eligible for coverage\*\*** when the patient selection criteria are met for the requested drug.

### Patient Selection Criteria

Coverage eligibility for Noritate (metronidazole), Zilxi (minocycline), or Epsolay (benzoyl peroxide) will be considered when the following criteria are met for the requested drug:

- For **Noritate** requests:
  - Patient has a diagnosis of inflammatory lesions of rosacea and BOTH of the following:
    - Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) TWO GENERIC topical metronidazole 0.75% or 1% agents (i.e., metronidazole 0.75% cream, gel, lotion; rosadan 0.75% cream or gel; metronidazole 1% gel) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of these products will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient; AND
    - Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) GENERIC azelaic acid 15% gel OR Finacea<sup>®‡</sup> (azelaic acid) foam unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of these products will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient; OR

*(Note: These specific patient selection criteria are additional Company requirements for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary\*\* if not met.)*

- Patient has a diagnosis of erythema of rosacea and BOTH of the following:
  - Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) TWO GENERIC topical metronidazole 0.75% or 1% agents (i.e., metronidazole 0.75% cream, gel, lotion; rosadan 0.75% cream or gel; metronidazole 1% gel) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of these products will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient; AND

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- Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) Mirvaso<sup>®†</sup> (brimonidine) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of Mirvaso (brimonidine) will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient.

*(Note: These specific patient selection criteria are additional Company requirements for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary\*\* if not met.)*

- For **Zilxi** requests:

- Patient has a diagnosis of inflammatory lesions of rosacea; AND
- Patient is greater than or equal to 18 years of age; AND
- Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) TWO GENERIC topical metronidazole products (e.g., metronidazole 0.75% cream, Rosadan 0.75% cream, metronidazole 0.75% gel, Rosadan 0.75% gel, metronidazole 1% gel, or metronidazole 0.75% lotion) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests that GENERIC topical metronidazole products will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient; AND

*(Note: This specific patient selection criterion is an additional Company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary\*\* if not met.)*

- Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) ONE preferred topical azelaic acid product (e.g., azelaic acid gel 15% or Finacea foam 15%) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests that the preferred topical azelaic acid products will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient.

*(Note: This specific patient selection criterion is an additional Company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary\*\* if not met.)*

- For **Epsolay** requests:

- Patient has a diagnosis of inflammatory lesions of rosacea; AND
- Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) TWO generic topical metronidazole 0.75% or 1% agents (such as metronidazole 0.75% cream, gel, or lotion; rosadan 0.75% cream or gel; metronidazole 1% gel) unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of these alternatives will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient; AND

*(Note: This specific patient selection criterion is an additional Company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary\*\* if not met.)*

- Patient has tried and failed (e.g., intolerance or inadequate response) GENERIC azelaic acid 15% gel OR Finacea foam unless there is clinical evidence or patient history that suggests the use of these alternatives will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient.

*(Note: This specific patient selection criterion is an additional Company requirement for coverage eligibility and will be denied as not medically necessary\*\* if not met.)*

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### When Services Are Considered Not Medically Necessary

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of Noritate (metronidazole), Zilxi (minocycline), or Epsolay (benzoyl peroxide) for the treatment of inflammatory lesions of rosacea when the patient has not tried TWO generic topical metronidazole agents AND a preferred azelaic acid product to be **not medically necessary**.\*\*

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of Noritate (metronidazole) for the treatment of erythema of rosacea when the patient has not tried TWO generic topical metronidazole agents AND Mirvaso (brimonidine) to be **not medically necessary**.\*\*

### When Services Are Considered Investigational

*Coverage is not available for investigational medical treatments or procedures, drugs, devices or biological products.*

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of Noritate (metronidazole) for indications other than the inflammatory lesions or erythema of rosacea to be **investigational**.\*

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of Zilxi (minocycline) for indications other than the inflammatory lesions of rosacea in adults to be **investigational**.\*

Based on review of available data, the Company considers the use of Epsolay (benzoyl peroxide) for indications other than the inflammatory lesions of rosacea in adults to be **investigational**.\*

### Background/Overview

Noritate, Zilxi, and Epsolay are topical products indicated for the treatment of rosacea. Noritate is a cream that contains metronidazole, an antibiotic that is one of the first-line treatment options for mild to moderate papules and pustules associated with rosacea. It is specifically indicated for the treatment of both inflammatory lesions and erythema of rosacea and is supplied as a 1% cream. Noritate should be dosed by applying a thin film to the entire affected area once daily. Zilxi is a foam containing minocycline, an antibiotic that was previously only available in oral form. It is supplied as a 1.5% foam and should be applied as a thin layer over all areas of the face once daily at least 1 hour before bedtime. Additionally, patients should avoid fire, flame, and smoking during and immediately following application because the propellant in Zilxi is flammable. Epsolay is a cream containing benzoyl peroxide and is specifically indicated to treat the inflammatory lesions of rosacea in adults. A pea sized amount should be applied once daily in a thin layer to each area of the face. It may bleach hair or colored fabric. Additionally, unused Epsolay should be discarded 30 days after first use.

Rosacea is a chronic and relapsing inflammatory skin disorder that primarily involves the central face. Common clinical features include facial erythema, telangiectasias, and inflammatory papules or pustules. Treatment is often targeted to the symptom, with some agents used to manage the erythema of rosacea and others that are used for managing the inflammatory lesions. The two

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pharmacologic treatment options specifically used for the treatment of erythema associated with rosacea are Rhofade and Mirvaso. The topical antibiotic, metronidazole, is often used to manage the inflammatory lesions and is available in numerous generic formulations (e.g., creams, gels, and lotions of various strengths). Metronidazole may also have benefit in the reduction of facial erythema. Noritate is a branded version of metronidazole cream that has not been compared directly to any of the other formulations. Generically available formulations therefore most likely represent a more cost-effective and equally clinically effective option. Treatment guidelines have not yet been updated to reflect the availability of Zilxi foam. Benzoyl peroxide is available in numerous formulations including over the counter preparations.

## **FDA or Other Governmental Regulatory Approval**

### **U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)**

Noritate is indicated for the topical treatment of inflammatory lesions and erythema of rosacea.

Zilxi is indicated for the treatment of inflammatory lesions of rosacea in adults.

Epsolay is indicated for the treatment of inflammatory lesions of rosacea in adults.

## **Rationale/Source**

This medical policy was developed through consideration of peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, U.S. Food and Drug Administration approval status, nationally accepted standards of medical practice and accepted standards of medical practice in this community, technology evaluation centers, reference to federal regulations, other plan medical policies, and accredited national guidelines.

The patient selection criteria presented in this policy take into consideration the FDA approved indication of these drugs as well as other therapeutic alternatives that currently exist for this condition. Noritate is a 1% cream formulation of metronidazole. Topical metronidazole is available in many lower cost generic formulations including metronidazole 0.75% cream, gel, and lotion; rosadan 0.75% cream and gel; and metronidazole 1% gel. Zilxi has not been compared to other agents for the treatment of rosacea, nor has it been included in clinical practice guidelines for the management of rosacea. Currently, it is considered an alternative to other topical therapies for the treatment of inflammatory rosacea. Epsolay contains benzoyl peroxide, which is available in numerous generic prescription and over the counter products. It is considered a second line treatment option due to limited studies performed with this agent. The patient selection criteria presented in this policy take into consideration clinical evidence or patient history that suggests generic alternatives will be ineffective or cause an adverse reaction to the patient. Based on a review of the data, in the absence of such clinical evidence or patient history, there is no advantage of using Noritate, Zilxi, or Epsolay prior to the generic alternatives.

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## **References**

1. Mirvaso [package insert]. Galderma Laboratories. Fort Worth, Texas. Updated August 2013.
2. Noritate [package insert]. Bausch Health US, LLC. Bridgewater, NJ. Updated June 2020.
3. Management of rosacea. UpToDate. Updated June 2022.
4. Zilxi [package insert]. Foamix Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Bridgewater, NJ. Updated October 2020.
5. Zilxi Drug Evaluation. Express Scripts. Updated June 2020.
6. Epsolay [package insert]. Galderma Laboratories, L.P., Fort Worth, Texas. Updated September 2022.

## **Policy History**

Original Effective Date: 06/21/2017

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|            |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 06/01/2017 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 06/21/2017 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. New policy.                                                                                                                                        |
| 06/07/2018 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 06/20/2018 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage.                                                                                                                             |
| 06/06/2019 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 06/19/2019 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage.                                                                                                                             |
| 06/04/2020 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 06/10/2020 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage.                                                                                                                             |
| 10/01/2020 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 10/07/2020 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Changed title from “Rhofade (oxymetazoline)” to “Topical Rosacea Products.” Added Noritate to the policy with criteria and background information. |
| 01/07/2021 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 01/13/2021 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Added new drug, Zilxi, to policy with criteria and background information.                                                                         |
| 10/07/2021 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 10/13/2021 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Removed Rhofade from policy. Changed title from “Topical Rosacea Products” to “Select Topical Rosacea Products”.                                   |
| 10/06/2022 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 10/11/2022 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. No change to coverage.                                                                                                                             |
| 12/01/2022 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 12/14/2022 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Added new drug, Epsolay, with relevant criteria and background information.                                                                        |
| 12/07/2023 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 12/13/2023 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.                                                                                                                    |
| 12/05/2024 | Medical Policy Committee review                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 12/11/2024 | Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.                                                                                                                    |

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12/04/2025 Medical Policy Committee review

12/10/2025 Medical Policy Implementation Committee approval. Coverage eligibility unchanged.

Next Scheduled Review Date: 12/2026

\*Investigational – A medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational if the effectiveness has not been clearly tested and it has not been incorporated into standard medical practice. Any determination we make that a medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is Investigational will be based on a consideration of the following:

- A. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product can be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and whether such approval has been granted at the time the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product is sought to be furnished; or
- B. Whether the medical treatment, procedure, drug, device, or biological product requires further studies or clinical trials to determine its maximum tolerated dose, toxicity, safety, effectiveness, or effectiveness as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis, must improve health outcomes, according to the consensus of opinion among experts as shown by reliable evidence, including:
  1. Consultation with technology evaluation center(s);
  2. Credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community; or
  3. Reference to federal regulations.

\*\*Medically Necessary (or “Medical Necessity”) - Health care services, treatment, procedures, equipment, drugs, devices, items or supplies that a Provider, exercising prudent clinical judgment, would provide to a patient for the purpose of preventing, evaluating, diagnosing or treating an illness, injury, disease or its symptoms, and that are:

- A. In accordance with nationally accepted standards of medical practice;
- B. Clinically appropriate, in terms of type, frequency, extent, level of care, site and duration, and considered effective for the patient's illness, injury or disease; and
- C. Not primarily for the personal comfort or convenience of the patient, physician or other health care provider, and not more costly than an alternative service or sequence of services at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of that patient's illness, injury or disease.

For these purposes, “nationally accepted standards of medical practice” means standards that are based on credible scientific evidence published in peer-reviewed medical literature generally recognized by the relevant medical community, Physician Specialty Society recommendations and the views of Physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas and any other relevant factors.

‡ Indicated trademarks are the registered trademarks of their respective owners.

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**NOTICE:** If the Patient's health insurance contract contains language that differs from the BCBSLA Medical Policy definition noted above, the definition in the health insurance contract will be relied upon for specific coverage determinations.

**NOTICE:** Medical Policies are scientific based opinions, provided solely for coverage and informational purposes. Medical Policies should not be construed to suggest that the Company recommends, advocates, requires, encourages, or discourages any particular treatment, procedure, or service, or any particular course of treatment, procedure, or service.

**NOTICE:** Federal and State law, as well as contract language, including definitions and specific contract provisions/exclusions, take precedence over Medical Policy and must be considered first in determining eligibility for coverage.